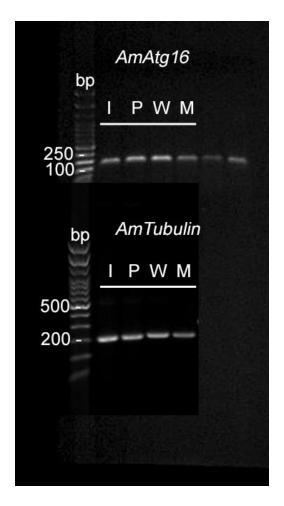
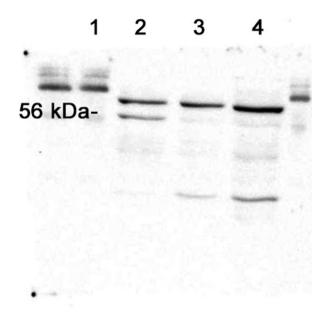
Online Resource A.5. Primers used for Atg16 PCR experiments.

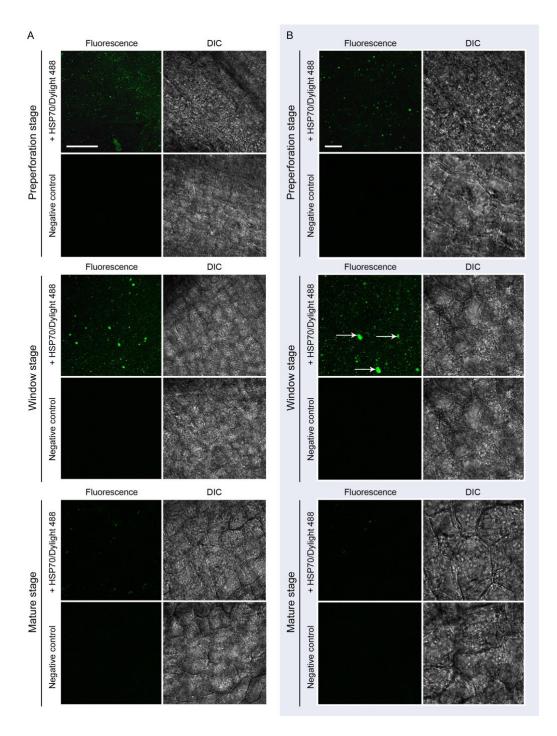
Unigene name	qPCR Forward Primer (5'->3')	qPCR Reverse Primer (5'->3') Product Length (bp) TM (°C)	Product Length (bp)	TM (°C)
Am Atg16 (DN8043_c0_g1_i11)	TGTATGAAGACATGCT	GCATCCCATATTTTACG	244	54.0
Am α-tubulin (DN41439_c0_g1_i3)	GTTGGTGCTGAGTCTGGTGA	AAGCACAGGACGGTACACAC	197	54.0
Full length Am Atg16 primers	Primer sequence (5'->3')	Product Length (bp)	TM (°C)	
Forward full length primer (NcoI)	CGATGGCCATGGATGGCGAAGCGGGCATGG*	1530	54.0	
Reverse full length primer (HindIII)	GCCGGATC <u>AAGCTT</u> TCATGTCCATACACACAGAGC*	1530	54.0	
*Underlined sequences are restriciton				
enzyme (RE) sites				



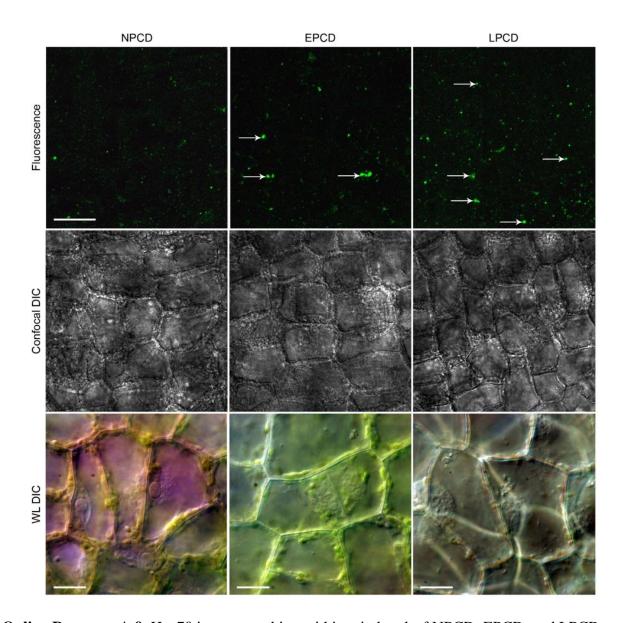
Online Resource A.6. Atg16 and tubulin PCR products. cDNA from imperforate (I), preperforation (P), window (W), and mature (M) leaves were probed with qPCR primers for lace plant Atg16 (top gel) and α -tubulin (bottom gel; see Online Resource A.5. above for primer information) for 30 cycles at 54°C. PCR products were then resolved in a 1.0% agarose gel alongside a Gene Ladder (Thermo Scientific). Primers for lace plant Atg16 produced a 227 bp product and primers for lace plant α -tubulin produced a 197 bp fragment.



Online Resource A.7. Anti-Atg16 reactivity. Protein extract from lace plant leaves and recombinant AmAtg16 were resolved in SDS polyacrylamide gels, transferred to nitrocellulose, and probed with anti-Atg16 antibody. Lane 1, protein standard ladder; 2, 0.1 μ g of recombinant *AmAtg16* protein; 3, 20 μ g of protein extract from lace plant pre-perforation leaf stage; 4, 20 μ g of protein extract from lace plant window leaf stage.



Online Resource A.8. Two different replicates (A and B) of Hsp70 immunoprobing of lace plant pre-perforation, window and mature leaf stages. Arrows indicate detection of +Hsp70 puncta in different leaf stages.



Online Resource A.9. Hsp70 immunoprobing within window leaf NPCD, EPCD, and LPCD cells.